# Team Up with Your Physician to Face Alzheimer's

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# Memory Loss/ Dementia

Alzheimer's Disease

Vascular dementia

Lewy Body dementia

Parkinson's disease with dementia

Frontal-temporal dementia

Others...

#### **Risk Factors:**

Include genetic, environmental, and lifestyle

#### ApoE4 gene

0 copies lifetime risk of AD: 10 %

1 copy lifetime risk of AD: 30%

2 copies lifetime risk of AD: 50-90%

- Diabetes and metabolic syndrome
- Vascular compromise
- Chronic Inflammation
- Sedentary lifestyle
- Less Educated
- Toxin Exposures
- Other

Alzheimers Dement. 2015 Mar;11(3):332-84

American Journal of Epidemiology, Volume 156, Issue 5, 1 September 2002, Pages 445–453

## Initial Evaluation

### **Getting the Diagnosis**

#### Labs:

Thyroid, CMP, CRP, Vitamin B12 at a minimum

### **Imaging**

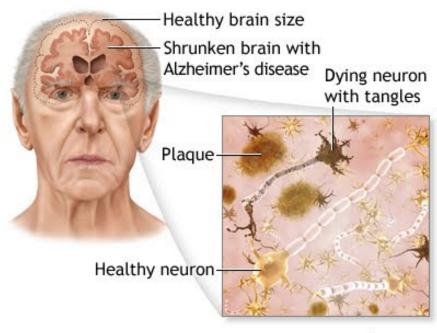
MRI with neuroquant or Functional MRI ideal

# Alzheimer's Dementia: Gradients of Disease

- Subjective Cognitive Impairment
- Mild Cognitive Impairment
- Alzheimer's Dementia

## What causes AD?

- Plaques and tangles form in the brain along with atrophy leading to neuronal death and progressive memory loss.
- Advancing disease results in motor impairment.



\*ADAM.

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# Disease Progression

| Stage | Impairment                    | Life Time      | Visibility                        |
|-------|-------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1     | No Impairment                 | Not<br>Defined | Not Visible                       |
| 2     | Very Mild Cognitive Decline   | Not<br>Defined | Visible only after processing MRI |
| 3     | Mild Cognitive Decline        | 2 – 7 Yrs      |                                   |
| 4     | Moderate Cognitive Decline    | 2 Yrs          |                                   |
| 5     | Mod. Severe Cognitive Decline | 18 Month       | Visible explicitly in MRI         |
| 6     | Severe Cognitive Decline      | 3 Yrs          |                                   |
| 7     | Very Severe Cognitive Decline | 1 – 3 Yrs      |                                   |

# Preparing for Physician Visit

**DPOA** should be in place early.

Always have **Medication List**, including all over the counter medications for doctor to review.

Communicate with physician prior to appointment if needed.

Make a list of questions and concerns.

Ask the doctor to write things down for you. Patients only remember a portion of what was said during appointments.

# Partnering with Others

**Physicians**: primary doc, psychiatrist, neurologist, other.

**Pharmacist**: Discuss with pharmacist drug interactions and side effects.

Home Health: Allow help from Home Health nursing and therapist when recommended.

Caregivers: Friends and family to come alongside, or paid caregivers.

**Hospice**: Alzheimer's is a progressive, terminal disease, it is a hospice approved diagnosis for compassionate end of life care.

# When to Seek Outside Help

- If safety is a concern.
- If you are unable to manage situations.
- If patient can't be left alone.

### When is it Time to Place?

### **Know the Warning Signs**

- Caregiver Burnout
- Unsafe Environment
- Erratic Behavior

### Warning Signs: Caregiver Burnout

### Physical Health

- Caregiver's health begins to decline
- Risks of injury arises: lifting, transferring, combativeness, violence

#### **Emotional Toll**

- Resentment and anger are present all the time
- Feelings of hopelessness, chronic fatigue and depression become routine

### Warning Signs: Environment

- The current living environment and the surroundings are no longer safe for the person with dementia:
  - Stairs
  - Gas stoves/open flames
  - Trip hazards
  - Exit seeking/gates/elopement
- Days and nights confused

### Warning Signs: Delusions

- Profound memory loss and hallucinations
- No longer recognize spouse/family members
- Frightened by living in a home
- Increased paranoia or combativeness

# Where to Get Help

**ActivCare Communities** 

**ActivCareLiving.com** 

888-636-5677

Southern Caregiver Resource Center

**CaregiverCenter.org** 

(858) 268-4432

Alzheimer's San Diego alzsd.org

(858) 492-4400

San Diego Union-Tribune CaregiverSD

sandiegouniontribune.com/caregiver